

When to Investigate

- If under 25 years of age, ALWAYS offer an annual Chlamydia screen (NB LTHT lab will do CT/GC automatically unless specified)
- Consider Nucleic Acid Amplification tests (NAATs) for Chlamydia (CT+/- Gonorrhoea for women if:

- < 25 years old

- a new sexual partner in the last 12 months

- symptoms indicative of upper reproductive tract infection

- more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months

· Women of reproductive age with vaginal discharge should have a high vaginal swab (HVS) cultured if:

- postnatal or post miscarriage

- vaginitis without discharge

- pre or post gynaecological surgery

- pre or post termination of pregnancy

- recurrent (≥ 4 cases/year)

- previous treatment failed

- within 3 weeks of intrauterine contraceptive insertion
- Women with signs and symptoms compatible with Gonorrhoea or a positive GC NAAT results, should have an **Endo-cervical swab & culture** (and CT/GC NAAT if not done already) to test for susceptibility and identify resistant strains of Gonorrhoea.
- TV culture now replaced by more sensitive TV NAAT (same plastic swab as CT/GC NAAT but must add request) for symptomatic women where TV suspected (see over) or TV contacts/TV suggested on cytology.
- · Consider referral to GUM for further investigation if:

- the diagnosis is in doubt

- symptoms persist

- GC or TV is suspected

- positive GC or TV NAAT result

- Contacts/ Partner Notification (cannot be achieved in primary care setting)

How to Sample

- Clinical details: Submitted samples should include the following clinical information to guide laboratory testing: nature of the vaginal discharge, any risk or suspicion of sexually transmitted disease, and associated symptoms.
- · HVS for bacterial culture: Use Eswab. After introduction of speculum, roll swab anywhere on vaginal wall to obtain discharge.
- Endocervical swab for GC culture: Use Eswab. Clean the cervical os with a large sterile swab and discard. Insert a new swab into the endocervix and rotate 360 degrees. Swab the external os 360 degrees if os stenosed.
- NAAT for CT/GC (+/-TV if symptoms suggest):

Submit a self-taken vaginal swab or endocervical swab using kit with plastic (not wooden) shafted swab provided by local lab (VVSbest test unless want to examine to exclude other cause/take endocervical culture). **Do NOT put in charcoal medium.**

Transport of culture swabs to the lab

- Transport samples to the laboratory as soon as possible.
- Refrigerate swabs at 4°C if NOT immediately sent to the laboratory.
- Swabs sent for culture of GC on E-swabs MUST be received and processed by the laboratory within 24 hours
- · Other swabs MUST be received and processed by the laboratory within 48 hours